

**ATTENZIONE  
NON INIZIARE IL TEST PRIMA CHE VENGA  
DATO IL SEGNALE DI INIZIO PROVA**



**MINISTERO DELLA DIFESA  
Direzione Generale per il Personale Militare**

## **Questionario 9 (VERSIONE B)**

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DATO IL SEGNALE DI INIZIO PROVA**

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1) In inglese "father" significa :

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- A) sentire
  - B) padre
  - C) veloce
  - D) piedi
- 

2) Per rispondere al telefono, cosa si dice?

---

- A) Hello?
  - B) who is?
  - C) whose?
  - D) who's it?
- 

3) My brother ... his career.

---

- A) exchanged
  - B) moved
  - C) changed
  - D) did
- 

4) Don't walk ... foot, the floor is cold and dirty.

---

- A) bear
  - B) beer
  - C) bare
  - D) bar
- 

5) Andrew's attempts to get into the swimming team have not ... with much success.

---

- A) associated
  - B) met
  - C) concluded
  - D) joined
- 

6) In Inglese "scratch" significa...

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- A) scontrare
  - B) riscontrare
  - C) prudere
  - D) grattare
- 

7) I went ... last month.

---

- A) snowboard
  - B) snowboarded
  - C) the snowboard
  - D) snowboarding
-

---

8) "... I say something, she always disagrees."

---

- A) Whenever
  - B) Whatever
  - C) Unless
  - D) Whatsoever
- 

9) Complete correctly. When I finish the course, I ... work in a software house.

---

- A) would likes
  - B) like
  - C) could
  - D) would
- 

10) "As it was late, we decided ... a taxi home"

---

- A) taking
  - B) to take
  - C) took
  - D) take
- 

11) "I travel a lot in my job, ... to Europe."

---

- A) nearly
  - B) really
  - C) mainly
  - D) exactly
- 

12) ... the children to school, please

---

- A) Take
  - B) Take to
  - C) Carry
  - D) Fetch
- 

13) Il termine "sightseeing" significa:

---

- A) giro turistico
  - B) visita oculistica
  - C) miope
  - D) gita
- 

14) I'm sure you're quite ... but many people disagree with you.

---

- A) all right
  - B) right
  - C) serious
  - D) write
- 

15) I can't ... that actor!

---

- A) stand
- B) look into
- C) support
- D) enjoy

---

16) I'm looking for a place ... .

---

- A) sit
  - B) sitting
  - C) to sitting
  - D) to sit
- 

17) "Aren't you ... before leaving?"

---

- A) do it
  - B) doing it
  - C) did it
  - D) going to do it
- 

18) Whose car is this? I think it's ... .

---

- A) them
  - B) them's
  - C) their
  - D) theirs
- 

19) "I ... a pilot."

---

- A) am
  - B) be
  - C) is
  - D) are
- 

20) ... here.

---

- A) We're
  - B) Where
  - C) Were
  - D) We's
- 

21) Can you tell me ... his name is? I have already seen him but I can't remember ... .

---

- A) why; what
  - B) what; where
  - C) who; when
  - D) when; which
- 

22) "It takes a while to ... new shoes."

---

- A) break out
  - B) break up
  - C) break in
  - D) break down
- 

23) Il termine "father" significa:

---

- A) cognato
- B) padre
- C) zio
- D) nuoro

---

24) Please be ... when you cross this road.

---

- A) caring
- B) carefree
- C) careful
- D) careless

---

25) I need 4 ... of tomatoes to make lasagna.

---

- A) cans
- B) tins
- C) boxes
- D) jars

---

26) Il passato di "to sleep" è :

---

- A) slept
- B) sleepen
- C) sleeped
- D) slap

---

27) "I was about ... when the phone rang."

---

- A) leave
- B) to leaving
- C) to leave
- D) left

---

28) Is ... a Gucci hat?

---

- A) those
- B) these
- C) here
- D) that

---

29) Which of these is a preposition? It is ...

---

- A) trough
- B) throng
- C) thorough
- D) through

---

30) Sorry I can't come, i'm studying ... .

---

- A) at the moment
- B) actually
- C) in this moment
- D) this time

---

31) ... has it that they are going to marry.

---

- A) Rumour
- B) My friend
- C) A voice
- D) Gossiping

---

32) Come tradurresti la frase "Ci congratulammo tutti con lui"

---

- A) we all congratulated him
  - B) we all congratulation to him
  - C) we all have congratulate him
  - D) we congratulate all with at him
- 

33) In inglese "concern" significa...

---

- A) conseguire
  - B) concertista
  - C) riguardare
  - D) rimproverare
- 

34) The most exciting moment is when the plane ... the ground.

---

- A) looses up
  - B) lifts off
  - C) lifts out of
  - D) takes out
- 

35) "Those seats aren't taken; they are ..."

---

- A) booked
  - B) vacated
  - C) free
  - D) freed
- 

36) Il passato di "to upset" è :

---

- A) upsed
  - B) upseted
  - C) upset
  - D) upseten
- 

37) I have no time ... this discussion. I'm leaving.

---

- A) for
  - B) of
  - C) about
  - D) on
- 

38) "She did not turn up this morning; she must ... her bus."

---

- A) miss
  - B) have missed
  - C) have been missed
  - D) has missed
- 

39) I can't get alcohol. I don't have my ... .

---

- A) keys
- B) cash
- C) coat
- D) ID card

---

40) what's the meaning of : He's very calculating.

---

- A) He is good at managing a business.
  - B) He is good at running games.
  - C) He is good at mathematics.
  - D) he is scheming
- 

41) I showed my new car ... my friends. They loved it.

---

- A) to
  - B) at
  - C) for
  - D) from
- 

42) I was about to fall down when someone ... me.

---

- A) joined
  - B) catches
  - C) grabbed
  - D) picked
- 

43) Il corretto significato di "vacancy" è...

---

- A) posto vacante
  - B) vacanza
  - C) ferie
  - D) farmacia
- 

44) Il participio di "to fall" è...

---

- A) fellen
  - B) fallen
  - C) fell
  - D) falled
- 

45) "A letter ... arrived from Milan."

---

- A) has just
  - B) have just
  - C) has as soon as
  - D) was just
- 

46) I read ... .

---

- A) Books
  - B) the books
  - C) the book
  - D) book
- 

47) Man is first ... in the British Isles in the Ice Age, when Britain ... still part of the Continent.

---

- A) finding/were
- B) found/was
- C) founded/was
- D) finded/are

---

48) Il corretto significato di "sensitive" è :

---

- A) sensibile
  - B) forte
  - C) sensuale
  - D) incostante
- 

49) Don't ... that button or we will explode.

---

- A) put
  - B) take up
  - C) make
  - D) push
- 

50) Il plurale di "fish" è:

---

- A) fishe
  - B) fishis
  - C) fish
  - D) fishs
- 

51) Do you know where the President of America ...?

---

- A) leaves
  - B) lives
  - C) live
  - D) inhabits
- 

52) Mary wasn't happy in her new job at first, but she ... to enjoy it now

---

- A) begin
  - B) begun
  - C) began
  - D) is beginning
- 

53) Find the most opposite of "luminous".

---

- A) Clear
  - B) Dim
  - C) Brittle
  - D) Clever
- 

54) ... the gardener ... the flowers?

---

- A) Do/waters
  - B) Did/waters
  - C) Does/water
  - D) Do/water
- 

55) Come tradurresti la frase: Trova un altro posto dove parcheggiare la tua auto.

---

- A) take your car and go away from this street
- B) put your car away
- C) find another place to park your car
- D) go away with your car

---

56) He aimed ... the bird

---

- A) on
- B) or
- C) of
- D) at

---

57) Il termine "boat" significa:

---

- A) botolina
- B) barca
- C) botola
- D) timone

---

58) The Ferrari is a ... car.

---

- A) slow
- B) tall
- C) cheap
- D) fast

---

59) In inglese "wake" significa...

---

- A) subire
- B) preoccupare
- C) svegliarsi
- D) indossare

---

60) Il corretto significato di "actual" è :

---

- A) effettivo
- B) antico
- C) accurato
- D) totale

---

**DOMANDE DI RISERVA**

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---

1) She is ..... athlete.

---

- A) an
  - B) a
  - C) good
  - D) well
- 

2) Select the word that is different.

---

- A) socks
  - B) head
  - C) arm
  - D) hand
- 

3) By my calculations, the total amount ... \$ 1000.

---

- A) comes to
  - B) comes out
  - C) comes up
  - D) comes in
- 

4) I'm ... because I want to watch an action film but my girlfriend doesn't.

---

- A) annoyed
  - B) annoying
  - C) annoyance
  - D) annoy
- 

5) They went ... the park because it was quicker.

---

- A) along
  - B) cross
  - C) in
  - D) through
- 

6) How long does your lesson ...?

---

- A) first
  - B) last
  - C) duration
  - D) time
- 

7) I ... jogging in the park.

---

- A) play
  - B) make
  - C) run
  - D) go
-

---

8) L'espressione "less" significa:

---

- A) minore
  - B) maggiore
  - C) più
  - D) meno
- 

9) Il termine "a little" significa:

---

- A) poco
  - B) piccolo
  - C) un po
  - D) del
- 

10) After the accident my friend needed ... .

---

- A) injury
  - B) setback
  - C) backlash
  - D) surgery
- 

11) He's so ... . everyone likes him.

---

- A) polite
  - B) formal
  - C) unsociable
  - D) rude
- 

12) I'll ... you a text message in 5 minutes.

---

- A) send
  - B) give
  - C) deliver
  - D) bring
- 

13) In inglese "those" significa :

---

- A) questi
  - B) quelli
  - C) sebbene
  - D) pensare
- 

14) I'm a ... runner.

---

- A) fast
  - B) fastly
  - C) fastest
  - D) speedily
- 

15) Il participio di "to smell" è :

---

- A) smelling
  - B) smelt
  - C) smellen
  - D) smelten
-

---

16) I will ask you ... you answer me.

---

- A) until
- B) up to
- C) to
- D) for

---

17) In inglese "always" significa :

---

- A) risposta
- B) tra
- C) anche
- D) sempre

---

18) Il passato di "to dream" è :

---

- A) dreamt
- B) dreamen
- C) dreamd
- D) dreaming

---

19) We should consider ... their offer.

---

- A) we accepted
- B) accepting
- C) to accept
- D) to be accepted

---

20) I can't find my motorbike, I think ... stolen.

---

- A) it is
- B) it can be
- C) it's been
- D) it has